Who, What, When, Where, Why, How of the Christian Experience

<u>LESSON # 5</u> CHRISTIANS BELIEVE IN GOD THE FATHER

OBJECTIVE: While the Bible takes a presuppositional stance, the class also highlights various evidences for God's existence outside of scripture. It touches upon humanity's historical belief in a higher being, the necessity of a creator for creation, and the intricate design of the universe that points to an intelligent designer.

Moving on to the nature of God, the class describes Him as an invisible spirit, yet personal, with biblical references such as John 1:18 and John 4:24. The subsequent section delves into the attributes of God, showcasing His omnipresence, omnipotence, omniscience, eternality, holiness, righteousness, mercy, immutability, truthfulness, and aweinspiring nature. The course also explores God's personal characteristics, including His knowledge, emotions, and will.

The class details the recipients of God's love, including His Son and the world, with references like Matthew 3:17 and John 3:16. The demonstration of God's love is discussed through passages like Romans 5:8, and the ways individuals experience His love on a daily basis are explored, referencing Romans 5:5.

Lastly, the course addresses the Father's role within the Godhead, highlighting His authority without diminishing the significance of the Son or the Holy Spirit. Verses like John 6:38 and 14:16 are used to illustrate this concept. Through a combination of scriptural references and thoughtful analysis, the class aims to deepen students' understanding of the existence, nature, and characteristics of God, fostering a comprehensive exploration of these theological concepts.



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(I) THE EXISTENCE OF GOD

The Bible does not seek to prove the existence of God. The fact that there is a God is assumed throughout the Scriptures. The first verse of the Bible, Genesis 1:1, is an example. "In the beginning God created the heavens and the earth." God's existence is presented as a statement of fact that needs no proof. The man who says there is no god is called a fool in Psalms 14:1.

- (A) However, even apart from the Bible, there are certain evidences for the existence of God.
- (B) Mankind has always believed in a universal being.
- (C) Creation must have a <u>creator</u>. The universe could not originate without a first cause.
- (D) The wonderful design which we see in creation demands an infinite designer.
- (E) Since man is an intelligent being, the creator must have been of a much higher order in order to create him.

(II) THE NATURE OF GOD

- (A) God is Spirit He is invisible
- (B) John 1:18
- (C) John 4:24



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- (D) God is a person. Personal names are used in reference to Him.
- (E) Exodus 3:14
- (F) Exodus 6:3

(III) THE ATTRIBUTES (CHARACTERISTICS) OF GOD

- (A) Omnipresent (present everywhere) Jeremiah 23:23, 24
- (B) Omnipotent (all powerful) Jeremiah 32:17, 27
- (C) Omniscient (all knowing) Job 34:21
- (D) Eternal (everlasting) Deuteronomy 33:27
- (E) Holy (free from all defilement, absolutely pure) Isaiah 6:3
- (F) Righteous or just (always does what is right) Psalms 145:17
- (G) Merciful (doesn't give us what we deserve) Deuteronomy 4:31
- (H) Immutable (He doesn't change) Malachi 3:6
- (I) Truthful (cannot lie) Titus 1:1, 2



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(J) Awesome (inspiring awe which is reverent wonder tinged with fear) - Deuteronomy 7:21

(IV) PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS ASCRIBED TO HIM

- (A) Knowledge Isaiah 55:8-10
- (B) Emotions Genesis 6:6
- (C) Will Joshua 3:9, 10

(V) THE LOVE OF GOD

- (A) What is the very essence of His nature?
- 1 John 4:7, 8, 16
- (B) Whom does God love?
 - (1) God loves His Son Matthew 3:17
 - (2) God loves the world John 3:16
- (C) How did God demonstrate his love for us? Romans 5:8
- (D) How do I experience God's love each day?
 - (1) Romans 5:5



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(VI) THE FATHER IS GOD

The Father holds the place of authority within the Godhead. He is not more important than the Son or the Holy Spirit, but authorizes their ministries (John 6:38, 14:16)